



2022 Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER)

***City of Hemet
445 E. Florida Avenue
Hemet, California 92543
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CR-05 - Goals and Outcomes

Progress the jurisdiction has made in carrying out its strategic plan and its action plan. 91.520(a)

This could be an overview that includes major initiatives and highlights that were proposed and executed throughout the program year.

The City of Hemet desires to increase self-sufficiency and economic opportunity for lower income residents and individuals with special needs through utilization of CDBG and CDBG-CV grant funds following the City's priority needs; to enhance affordable home ownership and affordable rental housing; to improve existing infrastructure or facility projects; to fund infrastructure projects through enhancement of public facilities; to support the local Continuum of Care to aid homeless persons and families, and to end chronic homelessness; to provide supportive services for persons with special needs, including youth, elderly, and persons with disabilities. The completion of this third year of the five year 2020-25 Consolidated Plan has had the following accomplishments:

This third year of the Consolidated Plan were met with challenges due to the continuation of after effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. The pandemic continued to affect the community with illness, hospitalizations, and short staffing issues. The pandemic affected the ability of the City staff to do their work and especially the sub-recipients allocated CDBG grant funds to fully assist City residents with their needs. The CDBG sub-recipients met their goals, overall their accomplishment numbers were reduced. Table 1 – Accomplishments reflects the actuals during 2022-2023 program year.

Comparison of the proposed versus actual outcomes for each outcome measure submitted with the consolidated plan and explain, if applicable, why progress was not made toward meeting goals and objectives. 91.520(g)

Categories, priority levels, funding sources and amounts, outcomes/objectives, goal outcome indicators, units of measure, targets, actual outcomes/outputs, and percentage completed for each of the grantee's program year goals.

Goal	Category	Source / Amount	Indicator	Unit of Measure	Expected – Strategic Plan	Actual – Strategic Plan	Percent Complete	Expected – Program Year	Actual – Program Year	Percent Complete
Code Compliance	Affordable Housing Public Housing Code Enforcement	CDBG: \$200,000	Homeowner Housing Rehabilitated	Household Housing Unit	0	0	0%	40	0	0.00%

Code Compliance	Affordable Housing Public Housing Code Enforcement	CDBG: \$158,711	Housing Code Enforcement/Foreclosed Property Care	Household Housing Unit	20792	0	0.00%	20792	0	0.00%
CV - Economic Development	To prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus.	CDBG-CV3: \$360,000	Businesses assisted	Businesses Assisted	36	9	25.00%	36	30	83.3%
CV - Homelessness Prevention	Homeless To prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus.	CDBG-CV: \$275,000	Public service activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	90	72	80.00%	90	72	80.00%
CV - Homelessness Prevention	Homeless To prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus.	CDBG-CV3: \$ / CDBG-CV: \$	Homelessness Prevention	Persons Assisted	225	241	107.11%	241	225	107.11%
CV - Planning and Administration	To prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus.	CDBG-CV3: \$49,523 / CDBG-CV: \$6,000	Other	Other	0	0	0%	0	0	0.00%

CV - Support Services	To prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus.	CDBG-CV3: \$ / CDBG-CV: \$	Public service activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	662	1152	174.02%	662	1152	174.02%
Fair Housing	Affordable Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs	CDBG: \$41,900	Other	Other	1200	2550	212.50%	1700	2304	135.5%
Homeless Prevention	Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Special Needs Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$27,351	Homeless Person Overnight Shelter	Persons Assisted	250	227	90.8%	250	235	94.00%
Homeless Prevention	Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Special Needs Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$14,000	Homelessness Prevention	Persons Assisted	175	574	328%	180	627	348.3%
Infrastructure and/or Public Facilities	Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$257,757	Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	85169	0	0.00%	758	758	100.0%

Infrastructure and/or Public Facilities	Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$200,000	Rental units rehabilitated	Household Housing Unit	0	0	0.00%	40	0	0.00%
Infrastructure and/or Public Facilities	Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$50,000	Homeowner Housing Rehabilitated	Household Housing Unit	0	8	0.00%	8	8	100.00%
Planning and Administration	Planning and Administration	CDBG: \$132,691	Other	Other	0	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
Senior and Disabled Home Repair Program	Affordable Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs	CDBG: \$117,360	Homeowner Housing Rehabilitated	Household Housing Unit	22	13	59.09%	22	13	59.09%
Support Services	Non-Homeless Special Needs Non-Housing Community Development	CDBG: \$	Public service activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit	Persons Assisted	1111	64129	5,772.19%	86109	64129	74.47%

Table 1 - Accomplishments – Program Year & Strategic Plan to Date

Assess how the jurisdiction’s use of funds, particularly CDBG, addresses the priorities and specific objectives identified in the plan, giving special attention to the highest priority activities identified.

Hemet is committed to the overall goal of the Community Development Block Grant, which as a community planning and development program, is to develop viable urban communities by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment and expanding economic opportunities principally for low- and moderate-income persons. The goal of the City of Hemet, with funding from CDBG, is to increase self-sufficiency and economic opportunity for lower-income residents and individuals with special needs so that they can achieve a reasonable standard of living. This CAPER is a detailed description of efforts to provide new or improved availability/accessibility, affordability, and/or sustainability of these goals within the City of Hemet.

As listed in the Accomplishments table above, all CDBG and CDBG-CV funded activities address at least one of the goals listed in the City’s 2020-2025 Consolidated Plan and 2022 Annual Action Plan. Funding was directed toward the established priority needs of

housing, public facilities & infrastructure, economic development, homeless prevention, and supportive services; providing 100% benefit to persons of very low, low, and moderate income. Additional accomplishment data is listed in Appendix D.

Based on the objectives and proposed uses of the CDBG and CDBG-CV funds as identified in the 2022 Annual Action Plan and subsequent substantial amendments submitted to and approved by HUD, evaluation of the activities completed indicates that the major goals of the CDBG program were met overall. Although the City is confident that the use of CDBG funds met the law and had a significant, positive impact on the lives of persons with very low, low, and moderate income, requests far outweigh resources which are not sufficient to address all of the needs of low- and moderate-income persons or special needs residents.

CR-10 - Racial and Ethnic composition of families assisted

Describe the families assisted (including the racial and ethnic status of families assisted). 91.520(a)

	CDBG
White	1,062
Black or African American	336
Asian	21
American Indian or American Native	32
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	11
Total	1,462
Hispanic	332
Not Hispanic	1,130

Table 2 – Table of assistance to racial and ethnic populations by source of funds

Narrative

The racial and ethnic composition by percentage of the total population of the City of Hemet according to the 2010 census statistics (www.census.gov) is:

White 67.71%, Black or African American 6.42%, Asian 2.99%

Hispanic 35.79% Non-Hispanic 64.21%

The racial and ethnic composition by percentage of the families assisted in Program Year 2022 by the CDBG grant fund is:

White 72.60%, Black or African American 23.0%, Asian 1.4%, American Indian or American Native 2.2%, Other 0.8%

Hispanic 22.7%, Non-Hispanic 77.3%

Use of CDBG funding follows the 2010 census statistics of the ethnic and racial composition of the City as the end users of the grant. The Black/African American percentages indicate higher percentages of this category are provided services by the CDBG grant than the percentage of population. This would seem to indicate that the Black/African American residents were in need of services and/or sought out services during program year 2022. Since this grant is mainly for the very low-, low-, moderate- income segment of

population the assumption can be made that the ethnic and racial composition of residents are lower income residents and were supported by the grant funds.

CR-15 - Resources and Investments 91.520(a)

Identify the resources made available

Source of Funds	Source	Resources Made Available	Amount Expended During Program Year
CDBG	public - federal	872,957	366,349.71
Other	public - federal	1,078,302	171,561.61

Table 3 - Resources Made Available

Narrative

Identify the geographic distribution and location of investments

Target Area	Planned Percentage of Allocation	Actual Percentage of Allocation	Narrative Description
City Wide	100	100	

Table 4 – Identify the geographic distribution and location of investments

Narrative

The CDBG Program Year 2022, the third year related to the City’s 2020-2025 Consolidated Plan, was funded through the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (“HUD”) beginning July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Hemet was allocated \$872,957 from HUD.

The Other category of funding is the Community Development Block Grant - Coronavirus (CDBG-CV) that the City of Hemet received in two out of the three rounds of funding made available. The total CDBG-CV funding received was \$1,078,302. Because the CDBG-CV funding allocation required substantial amendments to be submitted for the FY 20-21 Annual Action Plan, implementation of a few of the CDBG-CV projects were delayed. The number above reflects the total expended for the CDBG-CV allocation (not specifically for 2021). Remaining funds were rolled over to Program Year 2022 to continue the work. The main CDBG-CV project still in process is the Hemet CARES Small Business Support Program to assist small businesses affected by the pandemic. Details on accomplishment data is listed in Appendix D.

Leveraging

Explain how federal funds leveraged additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements were satisfied, as well as how any publicly owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that were used to address the needs identified in the plan.

The projected resources needed for housing, community and economic development activities far outweigh the resources available to address these needs. To meet these challenges the City of Hemet seeks to leverage funding whenever possible from local, state, federal, and private sources. Many of Hemet's successful affordable housing projects, community facilities, infrastructure improvements and public service programs incorporate multiple funding sources. Although CDBG does not have a matching requirement, Hemet has leveraged a range of federal, state and local resources, including the State of California Housing and Community Development HOME funds, Mortgage Credit Certificates (MCC) administered by Riverside County, local utility conservation and energy efficiency programs administered by Southern California Edison and Southern California Gas, various state and federal transportation funding sources, the City's general fund and other local agency in-kind resources.

CR-20 - Affordable Housing 91.520(b)

Evaluation of the jurisdiction's progress in providing affordable housing, including the number and types of families served, the number of extremely low-income, low-income, moderate-income, and middle-income persons served.

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of Homeless households to be provided affordable housing units	0	0
Number of Non-Homeless households to be provided affordable housing units	10	1
Number of Special-Needs households to be provided affordable housing units	20	20
Total	30	21

Table 11 – Number of Households

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of households supported through Rental Assistance	0	0
Number of households supported through The Production of New Units	0	0
Number of households supported through Rehab of Existing Units	30	21
Number of households supported through Acquisition of Existing Units	0	0
Total	30	21

Table 12 – Number of Households Supported

Discuss the difference between goals and outcomes and problems encountered in meeting these goals.

After the departmental restructuring in Program Year 2021 and the transition of the SDHR program to Community Development Department, a Housing Program Specialist was hired. This Housing Program Specialist left the City and the position was vacant for several months. No work was done on the SDHR program or the other Housing programs funded by CDBG. This change in staffing affected meeting the overall goals in Program Year 2022.

Discuss how these outcomes will impact future annual action plans.

The need is great and the SDHR program is important. Staff will continue to work through all

challenges to offer this very important program to aid low income elderly and disabled homeowners to remain independent and in their homes in a safe and secure structure. We do not anticipate a decrease in the projected number of homeowners to be aided in future program years. Although the change in staffing affected achieving the SDHR goal, the program was able to assist 13 homeowners in the program and 8 in the ADA Ramp and Lift Program (meeting goal of 8).

Include the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons served by each activity where information on income by family size is required to determine the eligibility of the activity.

Number of Households Served	CDBG Actual	HOME Actual
Extremely Low-income	12	0
Low-income	9	0
Moderate-income	0	0
Total	21	0

Table 13 – Number of Households Served

Narrative Information

In program year 2022, the Senior Disabled Home Repair program was able to assist 13 senior/disabled households with repairs to improve their home for sustainable livability. Eight (8) of the senior households were in the extremely low-income category. The total of 21 includes 8 homeowners assisted in the ADA Ramp and Lift program of which four (4) were extremely low-income.

CR-25 - Homeless and Other Special Needs 91.220(d, e); 91.320(d, e); 91.520(c)

Evaluate the jurisdiction's progress in meeting its specific objectives for reducing and ending homelessness through:

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

The Riverside County CoC has established chronically homeless persons as the highest need priority. To further this goal the Coordinated Entry System ("CES") has been implemented to guide homeless persons through the registration process regardless of age, gender, ethnicity, disability or other issues. Within the CoC there are several outreach teams from county, city and nonprofit agencies that cover geographic regions in Riverside or specific populations, such as the mentally ill, veterans, youth, and chronically homeless.

The City has contracted with City Net to provide homeless outreach and emergency bridge housing for those experiencing homelessness. The City Net services began December 2021. During calendar year 2022, there were 678 contacts have been made, 324 new engagements, and 153 street exits.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

According to the HUD 2022 Continuum of Care Housing Inventory Chart, there are currently 1,639 year around emergency beds and 240 transitional housing beds in Riverside County. The goal is to utilize the Housing First approach adopted by the CoC which requires homeless being helped into permanent housing or rapid re-housing as soon as possible. Transitional housing programs and emergency shelters focus on lessening the time that a homeless person or family's length of time homeless (LOTH) is in the shelter by effective and quick assessment of homeless clients and getting them stabilized into permanent housing with intensive case management initially and support in the initial phase of residency in permanent housing. This period will serve as a time to address the other needs to maintain self-sufficiency either by accessing mainstream benefits, employment, or medical/mental health support.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: likely to become homeless after being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); and, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs

The Riverside County Executive Oversight Committee on Homelessness ("EOCH") has an action plan developed after the 2017 Point-In-Time count. The EOCH collaborated with the following agencies in developing this plan: Code Enforcement Department, Department of Animal Services, Department of Public Social Services, Economic Development Agency, Office of County Counsel, Housing Authority, Probation Department, Riverside County Executive Office, Riverside County Sheriff, Riverside University Health System ("RUHS"), RUHS-Department of Behavioral Health, RUHS-Population Health, and RUHS-Public Health. These agencies formed the plan to first address homelessness; by designing a coordinated system to identify those individuals and families most likely to become homeless and provide necessary resources to prevent

homelessness, next developing a coordinated discharge system between all county departments for person's transitioning from one department's care into another to target chronically homeless, veterans, families, and youth. Many steps within this plan are in development stages by the cooperating agencies with the goal of decreasing use of emergency shelters by providing transitional and permanent housing for the identified at-risk individuals and families.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again

The EOCH action plan also addresses working with local law enforcement agencies and city attorneys through a collaborative plan to ease enforcement of ordinances relating to homeless encampments, developing a court process for homeless individuals to resolve fines for old and new violations, and seeking other proactive solutions to end policies that perpetuate homelessness.

CR-30 - Public Housing 91.220(h); 91.320(j)

Actions taken to address the needs of public housing

The City of Hemet will continue to support homeless and public housing activities initiated and provided by the Housing Authority of the County of Riverside whenever possible. The Community Development Department of the City of Hemet continues to review zoning, city ordinances, and other internal processes with the focus on providing incentives to developers, reduction in neighborhood decay and blight, and property owner awareness of security for renters in extremely low, low to moderate census tract areas of the City.

Actions taken to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

The Housing Authority operates on the premise that affordable housing is not the end goal for a family but a stepping stone to reach full sufficiency in market rate housing. The ultimate goal is for the agency's families to successfully graduate to homeownership. To actively engage residents in this goal, the agency has taken the following actions: ongoing outreach, engagement with onsite managers, and continuation of the Resident Opportunity and Self Sufficiency (ROSS) program.

Actions taken to provide assistance to troubled PHAs

The Housing Authority of the County of Riverside ("HACR") is not a troubled agency and has been HUD rated as either a "High Performer" or a "Standard Performer" in the past 5 years.

CR-35 - Other Actions 91.220(j)-(k); 91.320(i)-(j)

Actions taken to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment. 91.220 (j); 91.320 (i)

The City of Hemet will continue to support development of additional affordable ownership and rental units. Development of affordable housing requires substantial leverage of public funds, and multiple layers of funding are often needed to address the subsidies required. The City will continue efforts to implement strategies and strengthen alliances with its partners to expand affordable housing. Currently the City offers density bonus incentives for the inclusion of affordable housing in new housing developments and provides streamlined permit processing for affordable housing developments. The Planning Department continues to review and streamline its application process procedures.

Actions taken to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The main obstacle to meeting underserved needs continues to be the availability of funding. The availability of both federal and state sources is a primary determinant in the ability of local jurisdictions to address identified needs. Federal and state funding of housing and community development programs continues to be reduced and future funding from traditional sources is debatable as lawmakers attempt to balance federal and state budgets. The City will continue to pursue all available sources of funding to address the needs of affordable housing and community development. The City of Hemet General Plan 2030 Housing Data (appendix C) discusses the need for smaller one to two bedroom units with 2010 statistics indicating 83% of non-family households consist of single persons and the largest percentage (43%) of family households consist of two persons. Hemet's median household income of \$46,194 in 2021 lagged significantly behind area cities of Temecula at \$103,546, San Jacinto at \$62,144, Perris at \$70,910, Moreno Valley at \$73,635, Lake Elsinore at \$80,350, and Riverside County median income of \$78,690. Identifying the type of housing needs aids the City in outreach to prospective developers. Annual application to CDBG for Senior and Disabled Home Rehabilitation grants to correct health and safety violations or provide ADA improvements for owner occupied very low and extremely low Hemet residents also assists with meeting underserved needs of the community.

Actions taken to reduce lead-based paint hazards. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The Consumer Product Safety Commission banned the use of lead-based paint in housing in 1978. According to the Department of Housing and Urban Development, approximately 35 million US homes contain lead paint. Any housing built prior to 1979 is considered to be at risk of containing some amount of lead-based paint. In particular, housing units constructed prior to 1950 have been found to have some of the highest levels of lead-based paint.

The City has not run into any lead-based paint issues at this time. Should an incident occur, the City would follow lead-based paint procedures such as: verify date home was built (pre-1979), will children under 6 be living in the home, inform client and property owner of lead-based paint requirements, conduct a visual assessment of the property, identify risks and compare to 'de minimis' levels, and make assistance determination. The City will provide assistance to client and property owner to ensure lead-based paint is abated.

Actions taken to reduce the number of poverty-level families. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City of Hemet continues its efforts to reduce the number of families and individuals living in poverty. The City focuses on supporting programs that raise household incomes and stabilize housing situations. The City utilizes CDBG funds to support the continuation and implementation of affordable housing that help homeless persons make the transition to permanent housing and independent living.

Hemet will use resources from state, federal and private sources to provide a number of community-based and direct services aimed directly or indirectly at decreasing the poverty level. These programs include: job enrichment, development, and placement through education and economic development, food pantry programs, and programs designed to prevent and alleviate the devastating impact of domestic violence, which often plunge women and their children into poverty.

Actions taken to develop institutional structure. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

Identifying strengths and gaps provides a basis for cooperative strategies to fill gaps in the housing and community development delivery system. Focus on the institutional structure involves a broad strategy of coordination, empowerment, and communication with public, private, and non-profit sectors. Gaps in services, identified through the needs assessment process will be CDBG funded when innovative supportive services are presented during the annual funding process. CDBG funding will also be used to offset program delivery costs as appropriate.

City of Hemet staff maintain working partnerships with the Riverside County Employment Development Department, local financial institutions, school districts, community businesses, public agencies, and private partners such as Fair Housing Council of Riverside County and local nonprofits.

Actions taken to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City continues to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies through collaboration with various local nonprofit organizations, the Housing Authority of the County of Riverside, the County of Riverside Economic Development Agency and other agencies that partner with the City to revitalize low income communities utilizing CDBG, mortgage revenue bonds, CalHome, and mortgage credit certificates.

The City as a collaborative partner of the CoC continues to play an important role in both facilitating and directly bringing together disparate interests to develop new or strengthen existing institutional structures, and enhance coordination between housing and service agencies. There are a variety of services for special needs populations and persons experiencing homelessness; however, major gaps in the service delivery system exist, including: inadequate funding to provide the level of services needed; lack of coordination and communication among different agencies; and uneven geographic coverage of services, with some rural and remote communities being underserved.

Identify actions taken to overcome the effects of any impediments identified in the jurisdictions analysis of impediments to fair housing choice. 91.520(a)

The City of Hemet continues to collaborate with the Fair Housing Council of Riverside County

(FHCRC) by providing grant funding to assist Hemet residents with comprehensive services which affirmatively address and promote fair housing (anti-discrimination) rights under three components of: education, training and technical assistance, and enforcement. FHCRC continues to provide First Time Home Buyers workshops to educate residents which include focus on the following impediments: Steering, Lending Practices, Brokerage Services, Appraisal Practices, and Home Owner's Insurance, and Property Management practices. FHCRC provides the dates of the workshops provided.

CR-40 - Monitoring 91.220 and 91.230

Describe the standards and procedures used to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and used to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and the comprehensive planning requirements

It is the City of Hemet's responsibility, as a recipient of CDBG to monitor the subrecipient activities and determine whether its use of CDBG funding is appropriate and meets federal regulations. A monitoring process ensures that the City of Hemet meets its primary legal obligation to ensure that all subrecipients comply with all federal regulations governing the administrative, financial and programmatic operations, and achieve their performance objectives within schedule and budget.

The three most important strategies for effective monitoring are:

- On-site field visits during the program year;
- Open communication between City of Hemet staff and subrecipient staff; and
- Assisting subrecipients in creating effective and efficient record-keeping systems.

This was the first year since the Pandemic tha onsite monitoring was completed with a few desk reviews.

Citizen Participation Plan 91.105(d); 91.115(d)

Describe the efforts to provide citizens with reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment on performance reports.

Based on Hemet's Citizen Participation Plan, the City met its public participation requirement concerning the funding of CDBG activities. The citizen participation process ensures that the City maintains priorities that benefit the jurisdiction as a whole and supports public service groups within the City including those that primarily benefit seniors, youth, persons with special needs, the disabled and the homeless.

The City prepared its Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) for the period of July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Please see Appendix A for the public notices in English and Spanish notifying the public of the completion of the draft CAPER and the locations the CAPER is available for public review. Appendix B will contain any public comments received during the public noticing period. The public notice states CDBG funds were spent in accordance with the approved Five-Year Consolidated Plan and the 2022 Annual Action Plan, which primarily benefits low and moderate-income persons or households.

CR-45 - CDBG 91.520(c)

Specify the nature of, and reasons for, any changes in the jurisdiction's program objectives and indications of how the jurisdiction would change its programs as a result of its experiences.

The CAPER is prepared annually to capture progress toward meeting identified needs and achieving goals. The City has been successful in implementing its public improvement and community service projects and programs, as well as meeting the established objectives and foresees continued progress through the 2020-2025 Consolidated Plan and One-Year Action Plans. Key data related to each of the goals and outcomes are summarized in section CR-05. These accomplishment tables are generated to measure outputs and outcomes. HUD implemented this ongoing performance process to assess efficiency, cost effectiveness, and the **impact of projects and programs in Hemet neighborhoods. As a result of monitoring performance measures, operational assessments, resource allocation issues, and policy questions can be identified and addressed in a timely manner. The City strongly supports and encourages community-wide participation, input, cooperation, and feedback from all residents. The City's Citizen Participation Plan allows for minor and technical amendments. Substantial amendments require approval by the City Council through a public notice and public hearing.**

Does this Jurisdiction have any open Brownfields Economic Development Initiative (BEDI) grants?

No

[BEDI grantees] Describe accomplishments and program outcomes during the last year.

Not applicable.

CR-58 – Section 3

Identify the number of individuals assisted and the types of assistance provided

Total Labor Hours	CDBG	HOME	ESG	HOPW A	HTF
Total Number of Activities	0	0	0	0	0
Total Labor Hours	0				
Total Section 3 Worker Hours	0				
Total Targeted Section 3 Worker Hours	0				

Table 15 – Total Labor Hours

Qualitative Efforts - Number of Activities by Program	CDBG	HOME	ESG	HOPW A	HTF
Outreach efforts to generate job applicants who are Public Housing Targeted Workers	0				
Outreach efforts to generate job applicants who are Other Funding Targeted Workers.	0				
Direct, on-the job training (including apprenticeships).	0				
Indirect training such as arranging for, contracting for, or paying tuition for, off-site training.	0				
Technical assistance to help Section 3 workers compete for jobs (e.g., resume assistance, coaching).	0				
Outreach efforts to identify and secure bids from Section 3 business concerns.	0				
Technical assistance to help Section 3 business concerns understand and bid on contracts.	0				
Division of contracts into smaller jobs to facilitate participation by Section 3 business concerns.	0				
Provided or connected residents with assistance in seeking employment including: drafting resumes, preparing for interviews, finding job opportunities, connecting residents to job placement services.	0				
Held one or more job fairs.	0				
Provided or connected residents with supportive services that can provide direct services or referrals.	0				
Provided or connected residents with supportive services that provide one or more of the following: work readiness health screenings, interview clothing, uniforms, test fees, transportation.	0				
Assisted residents with finding child care.	0				
Assisted residents to apply for, or attend community college or a four year educational institution.	0				
Assisted residents to apply for, or attend vocational/technical training.	0				
Assisted residents to obtain financial literacy training and/or coaching.	0				
Bonding assistance, guaranties, or other efforts to support viable bids from Section 3 business concerns.	0				
Provided or connected residents with training on computer use or online technologies.	0				
Promoting the use of a business registry designed to create opportunities for disadvantaged and small businesses.	0				
Outreach, engagement, or referrals with the state one-stop system, as designed in Section 121(e)(2) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act.	0				

Other.	0				
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Table 16 – Qualitative Efforts - Number of Activities by Program

Narrative

The City did not have any Section 3 projects for FY 22-23.